

# Eddy induced coastal plankton community changes in a coupled numerical model of the Gulf of Lion (NW Mediterranean Sea)



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Dekeyser<sup>1</sup>

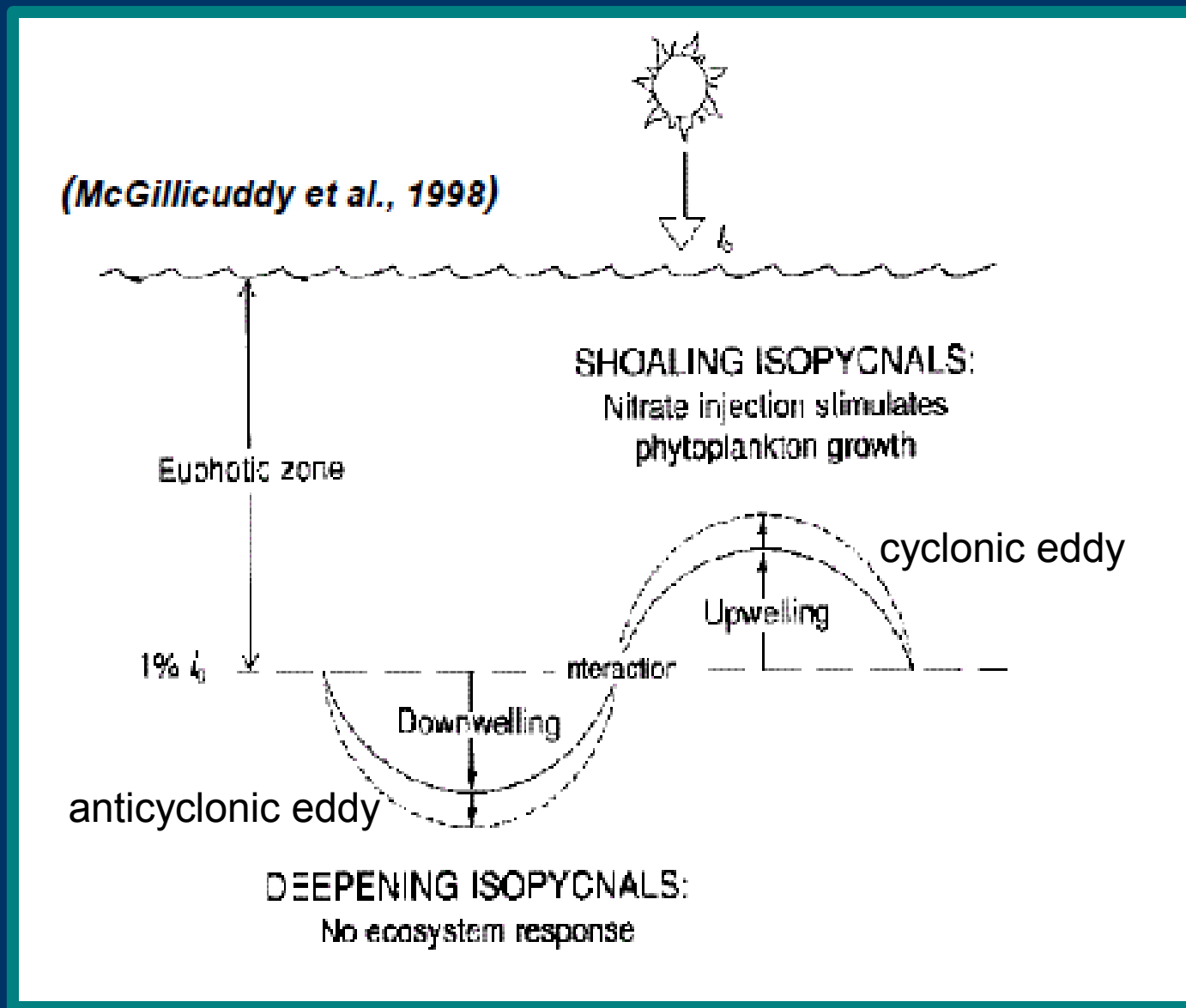


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234 06904 Sophia Antipolis, France

# About eddies

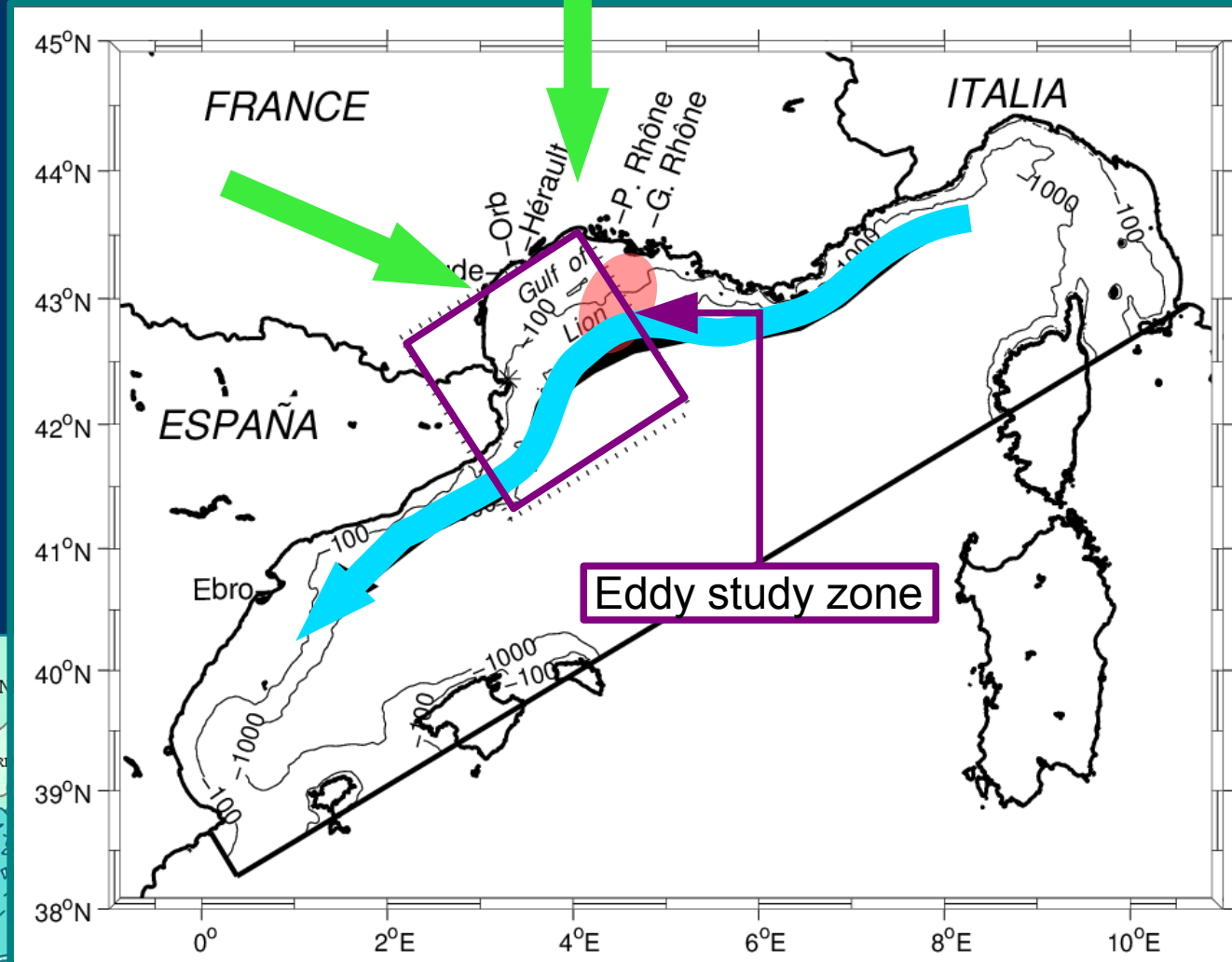


How does an anticyclonic eddy modify the coastal planktonic ecosystem?

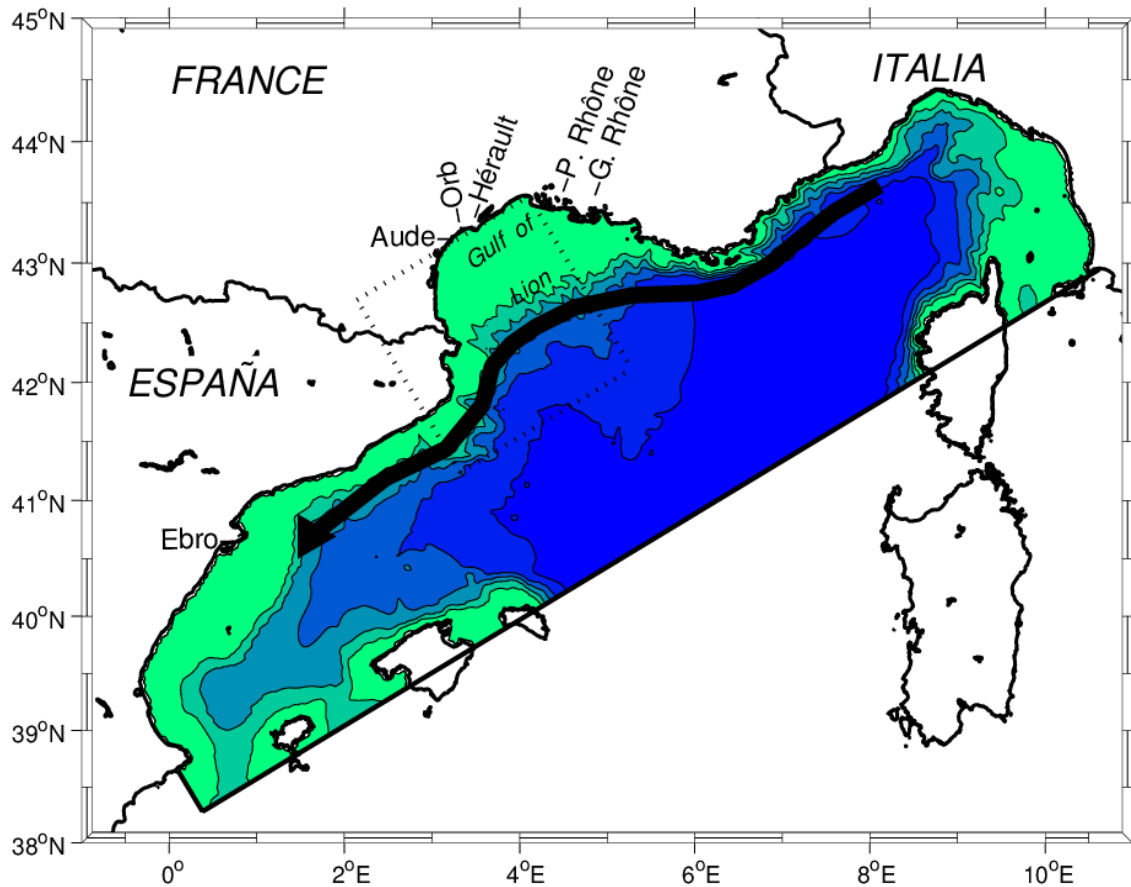
# Study Zone: Gulf of Lion, NW Mediterranean Sea

- ◆ Gulf of Lion forcings

- ◆ Strong N & NW winds
- ◆ Rhone River plume
- ◆ Northern current



# Model properties: Symphonie



## Symphonie

(Marsaleix et al 2008)

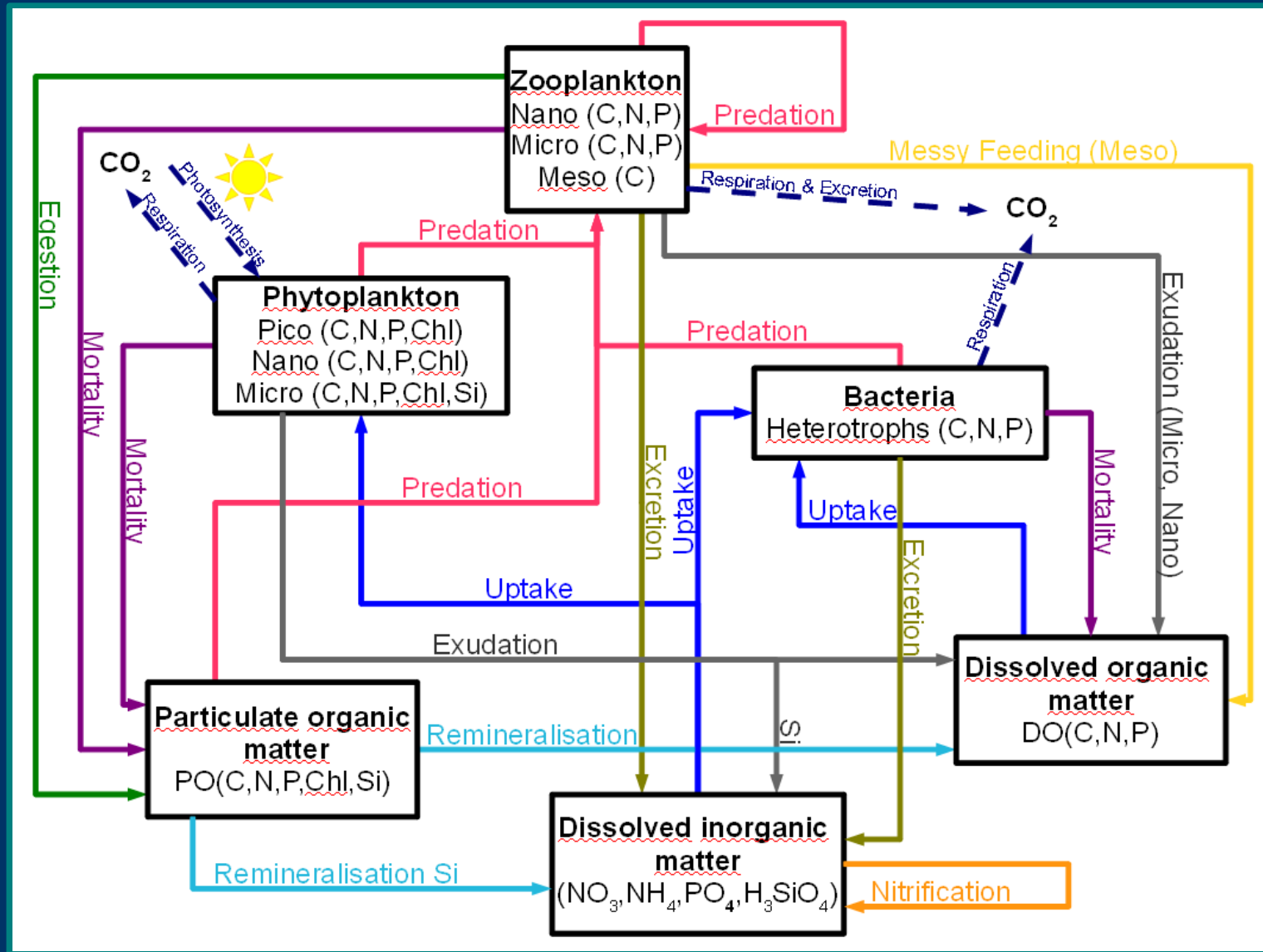
- ◆ 3D- primitive equation model
- ◆ 3 km resolution
- ◆ 40 sigma-z hybrid levels
- ◆ Open boundary conditions: OPA from MFSTEP
- ◆ Realistic river discharge rates for 6 rivers

# Model properties: Eco3M

## Eco3M-NWMED

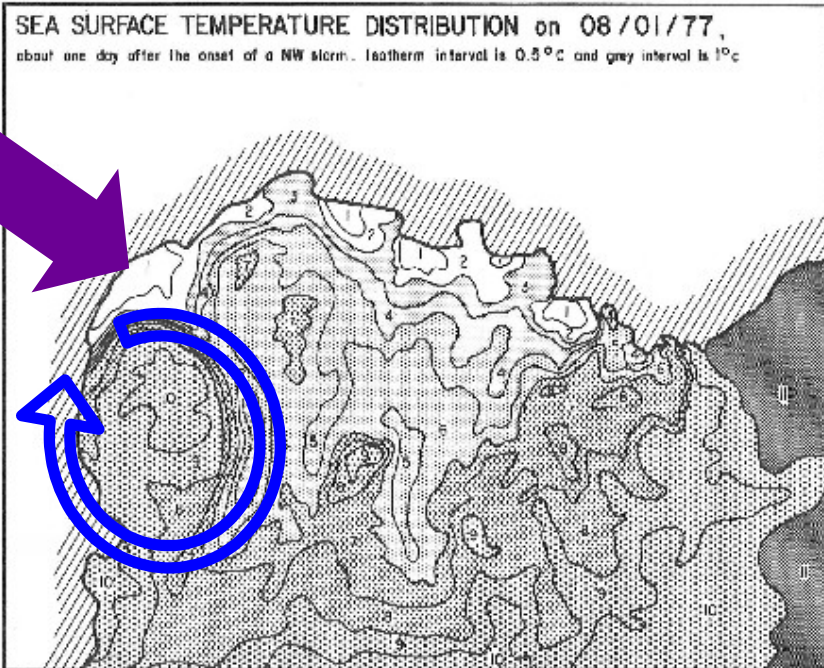
(Baklouti et al 2006)

- ◆ Multi-nutrients
- ◆ Multi plankton functional types
- ◆ Non-redfieldian biomass
- ◆ C, N, P, Si, Chl
- ◆ OBC: BFM outputs  
10-day average
- ◆ Realistic river inputs of  $\text{NO}_3$ ,  $\text{PO}_4$ ,  $\text{NH}_4$ , and DOC

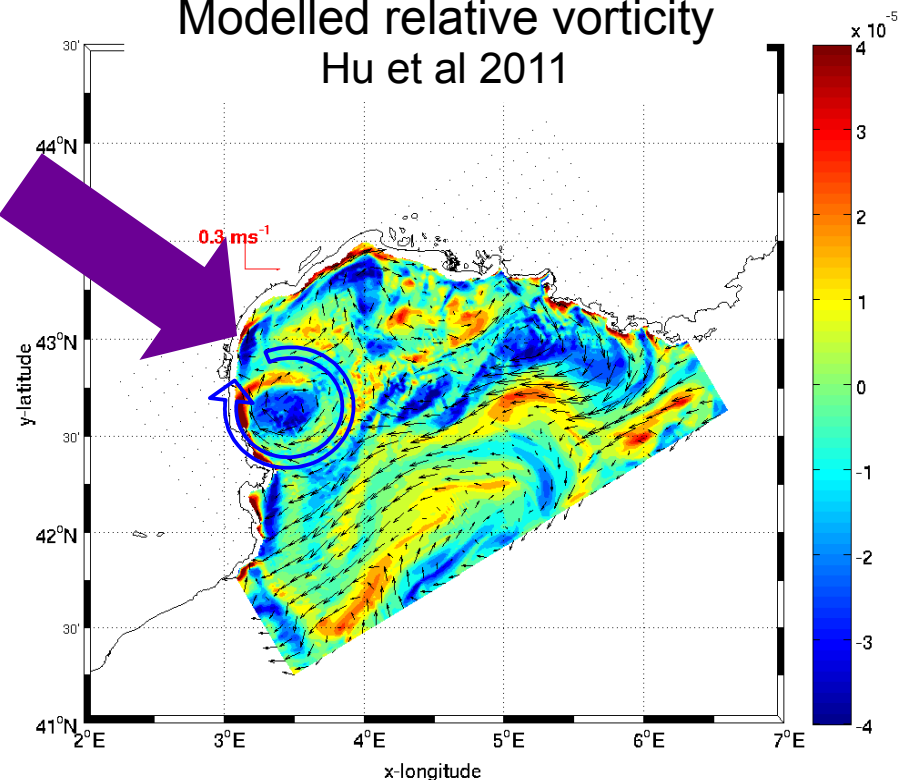


# Previous work on anticyclones in Gulf of Lion

Millot, 1982

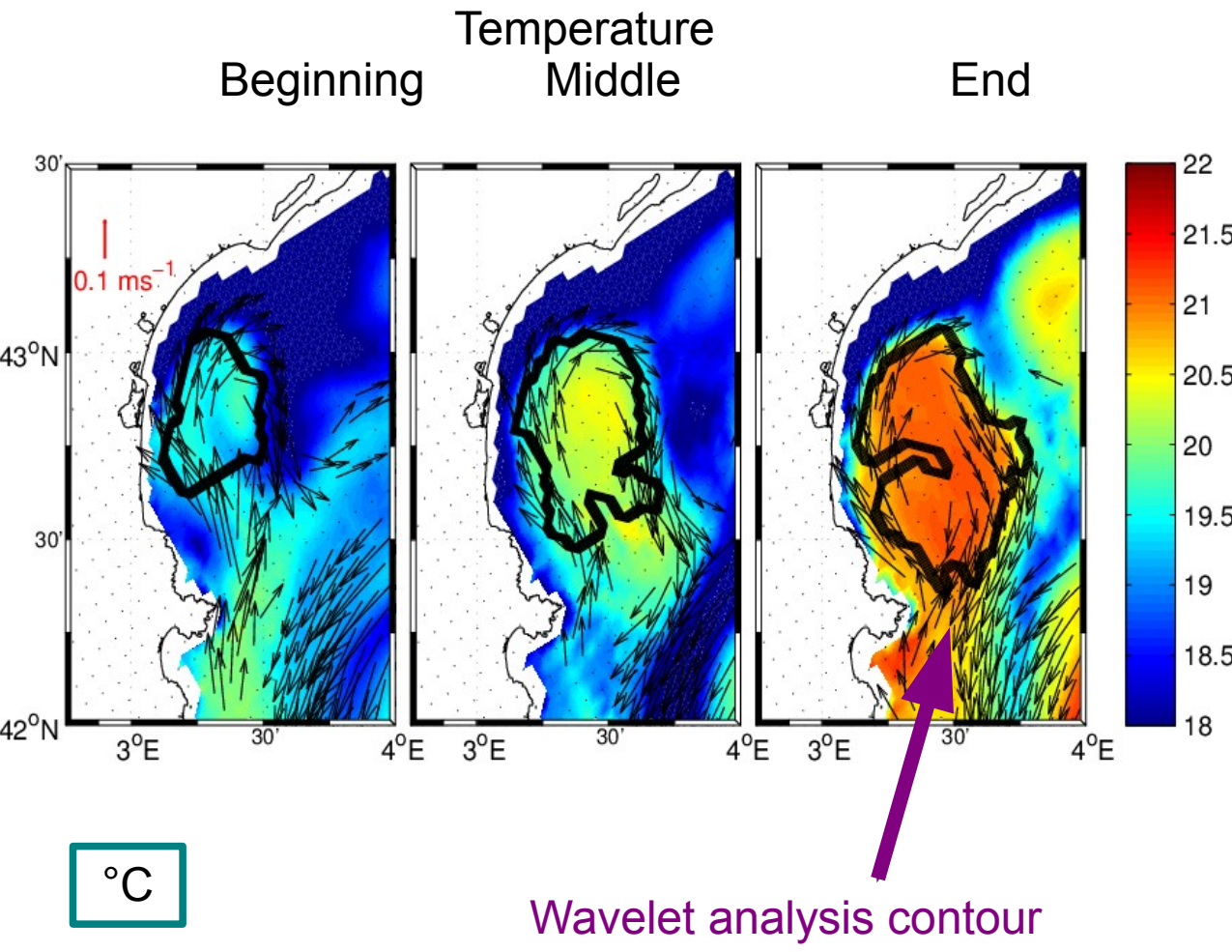


Modelled relative vorticity  
Hu et al 2011



- ◆ Millot (1982) suggested AC created by strong NW winds
- ◆ Hu et al (2011) studied AC eddies from 2001-2008:
  - ◆ frequently present during stratified period
  - ◆ alimented by strong winds

# Anticyclonic eddy 2001

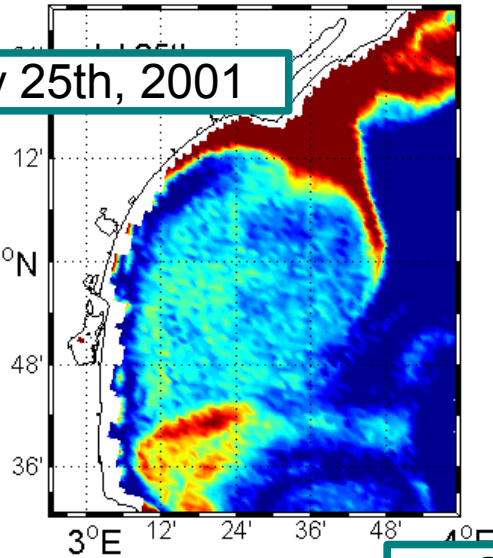


- ◆ Warm-core eddy
- ◆ July 17<sup>th</sup> – August 18<sup>th</sup> 2001
- ◆ ~40km in diameter (elliptical)
- ◆ Hu et al 2011
  - ◆ Used Symphonie model + wavelet analysis to study AC

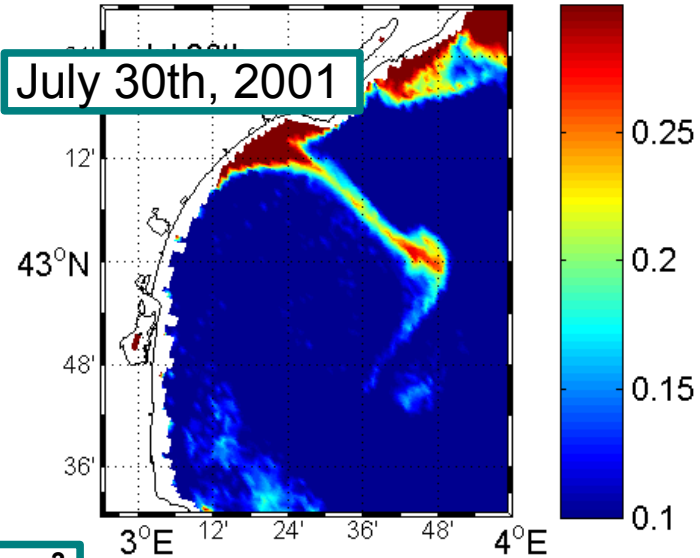
# SeaWiFS signature in total chlorophyll

SeaWiFS

July 25th, 2001

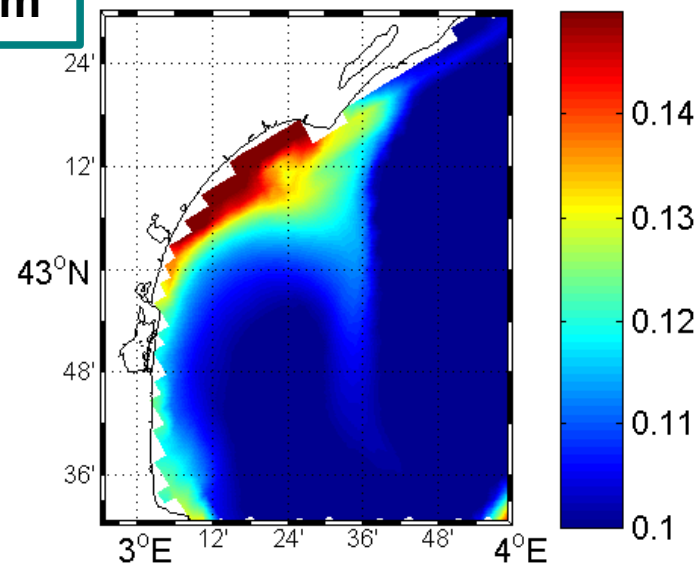
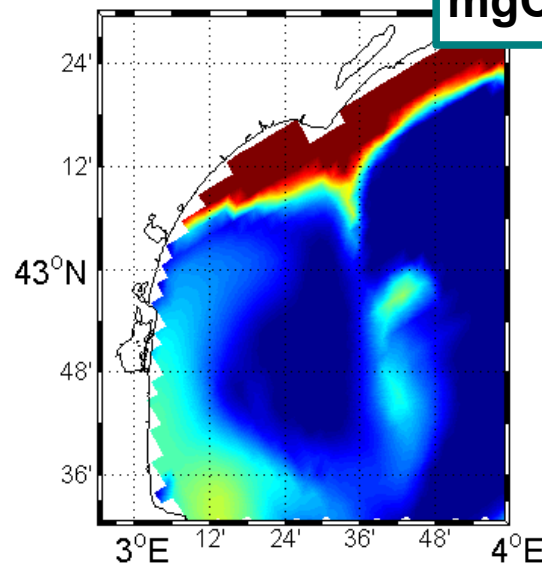


July 30th, 2001



Model

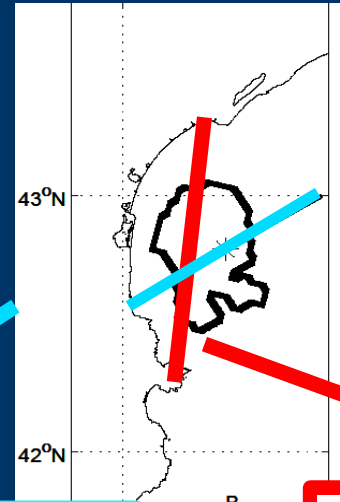
mgChl $m^{-3}$



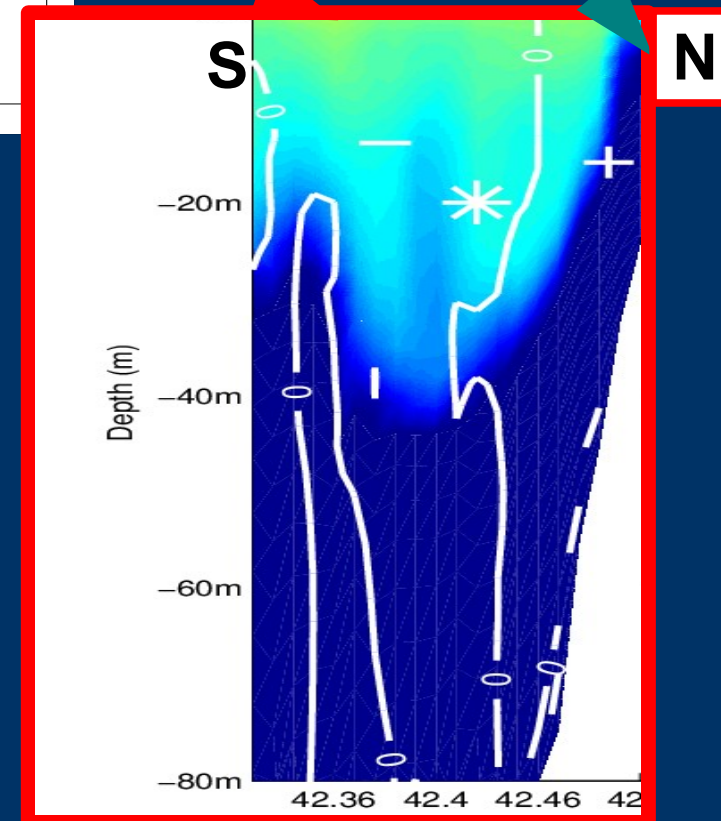
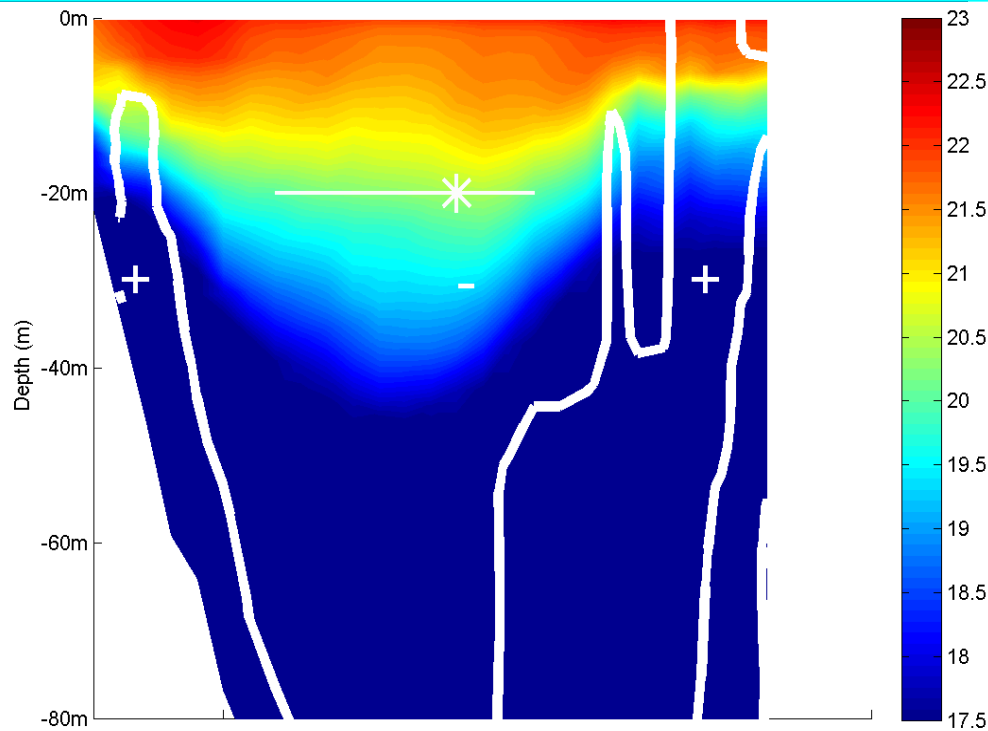


# Vertical temperature patterns

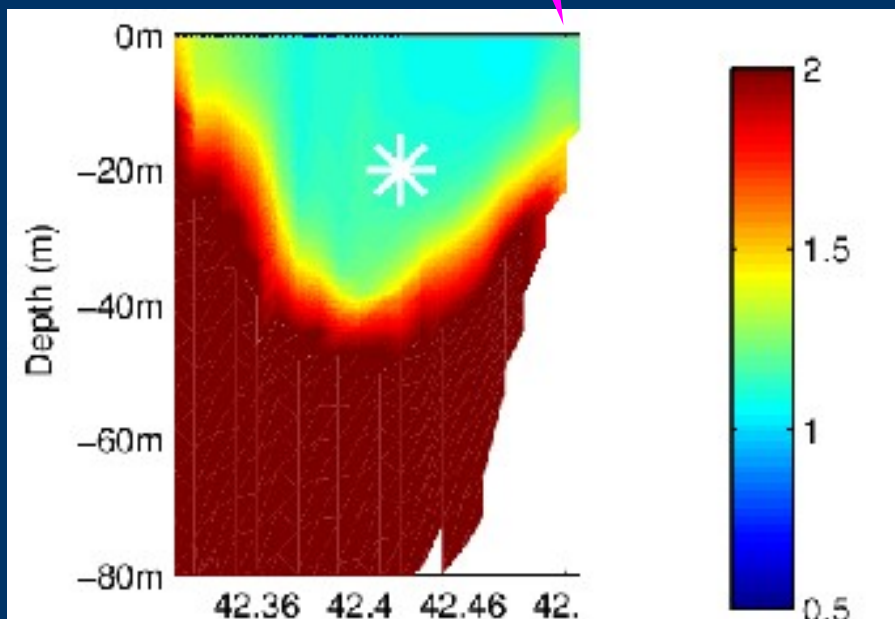
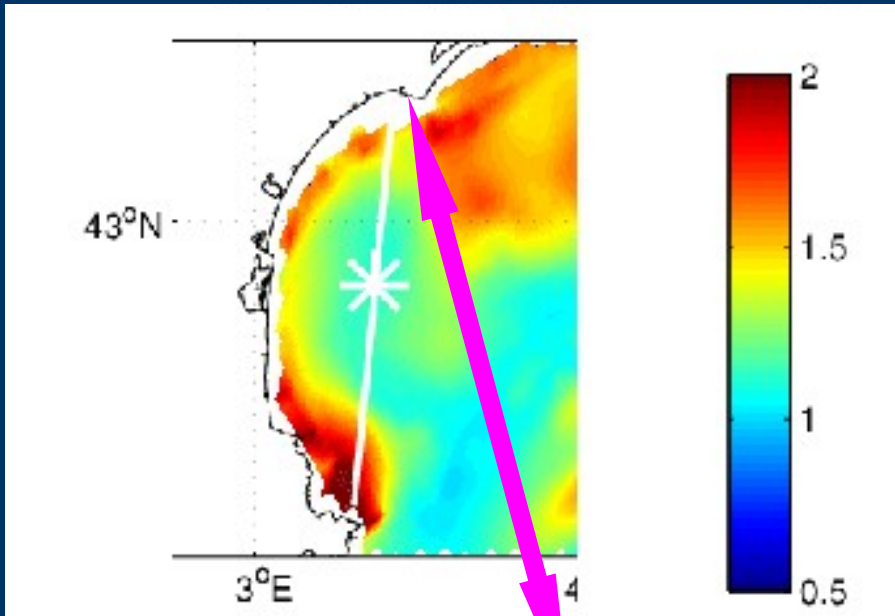
- ◆ Deepening of warm surface waters
- ◆ Downwards vertical velocities



Wind-driven upwelling, upwards vertical velocities to the north of the eddy



# Nutrients horizontal and vertical

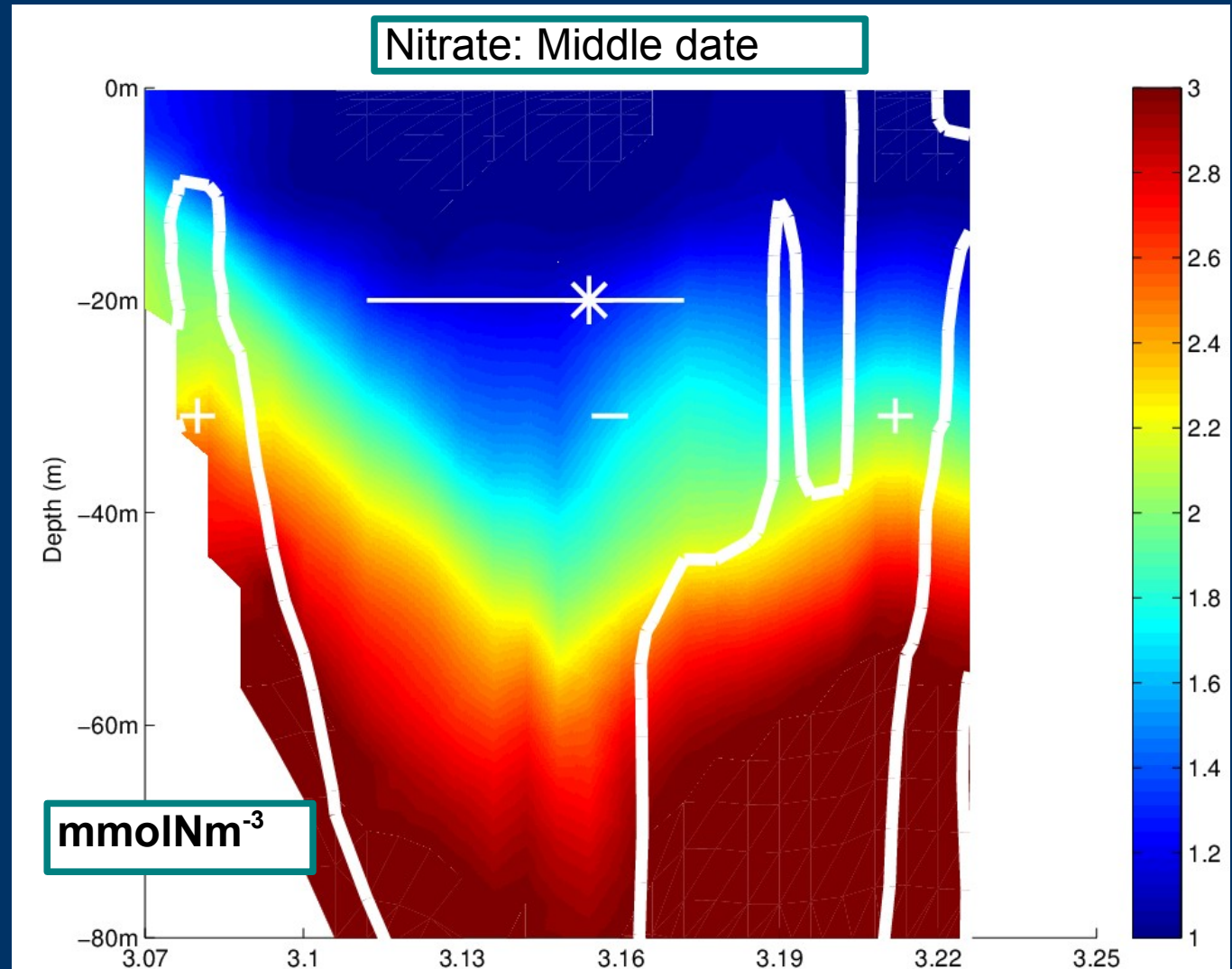
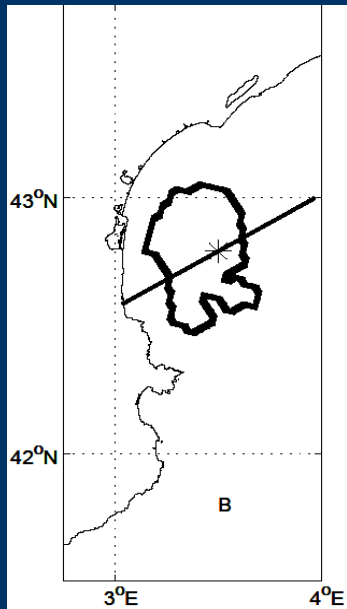


- ◆ Nitrate concentrations high near coast
- ◆ Upwelling area to the north low in nutrients
  - ◆ Already taken up by phytoplankton
- ◆ What brings nitrate to the eastern edge ?

$\text{mmolNm}^{-3}$

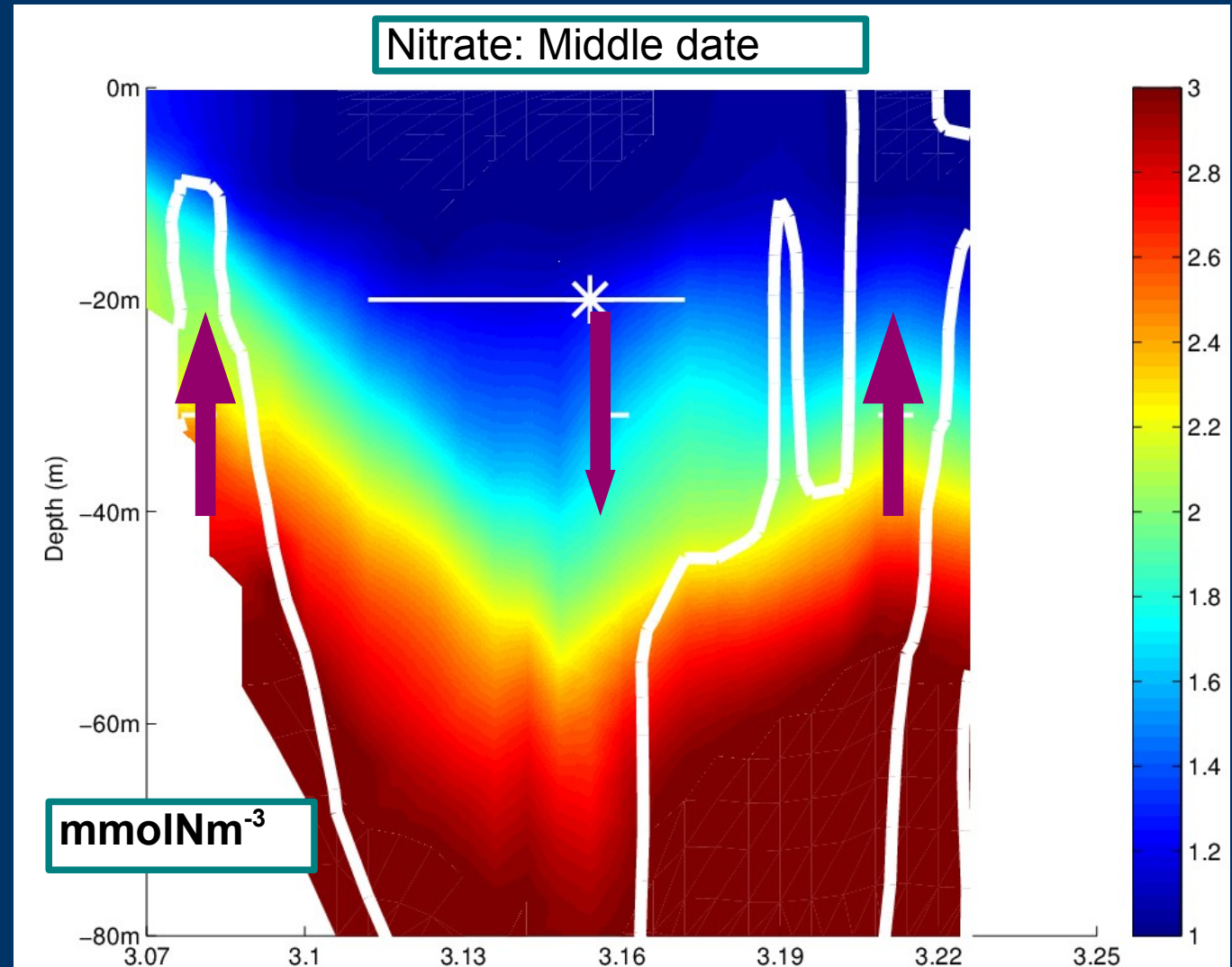
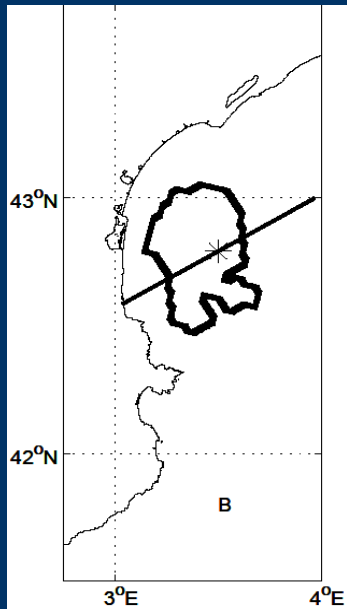
# Nutrients : vertical view

- ◆ Upwards vertical velocities on edges of eddy

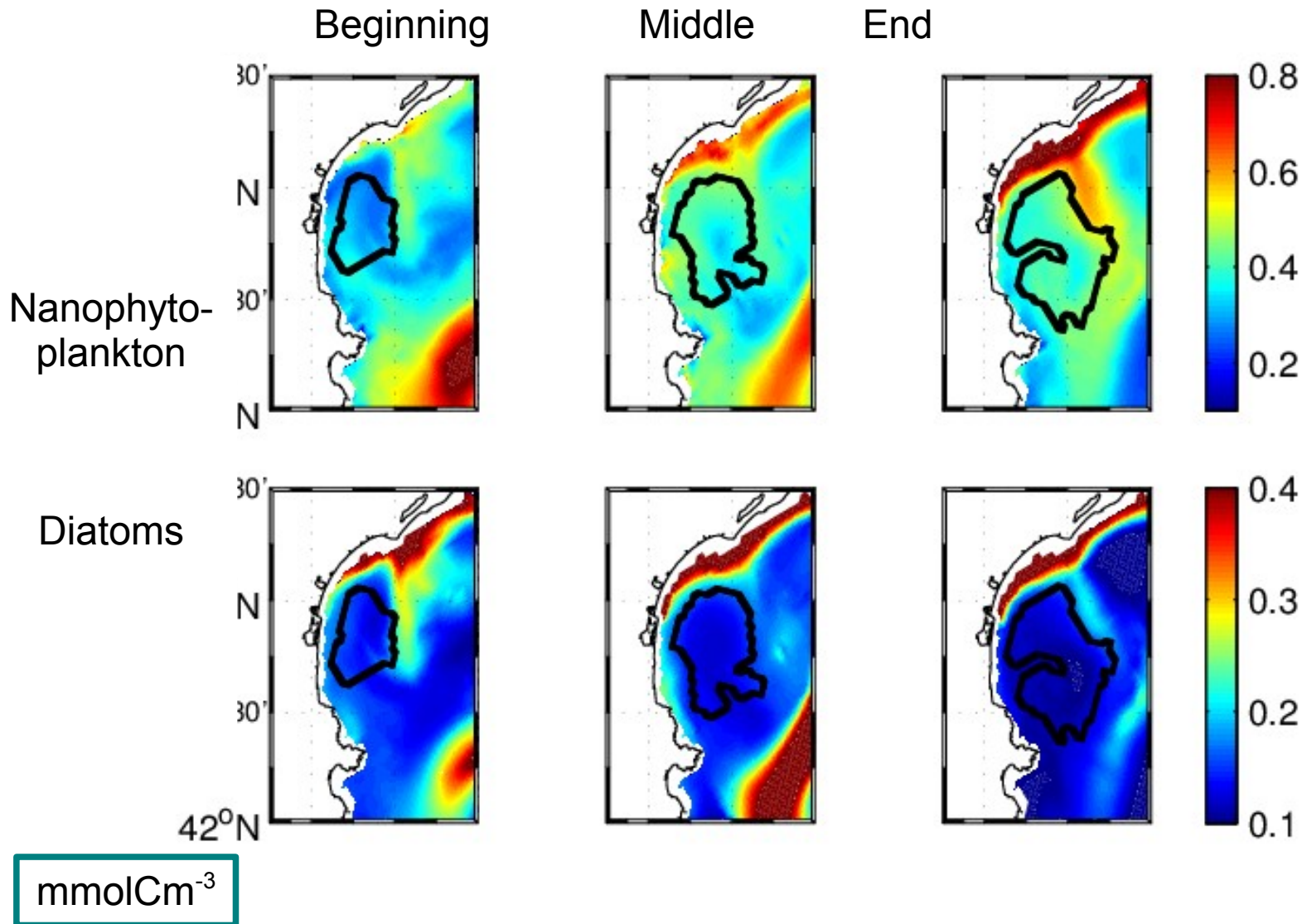


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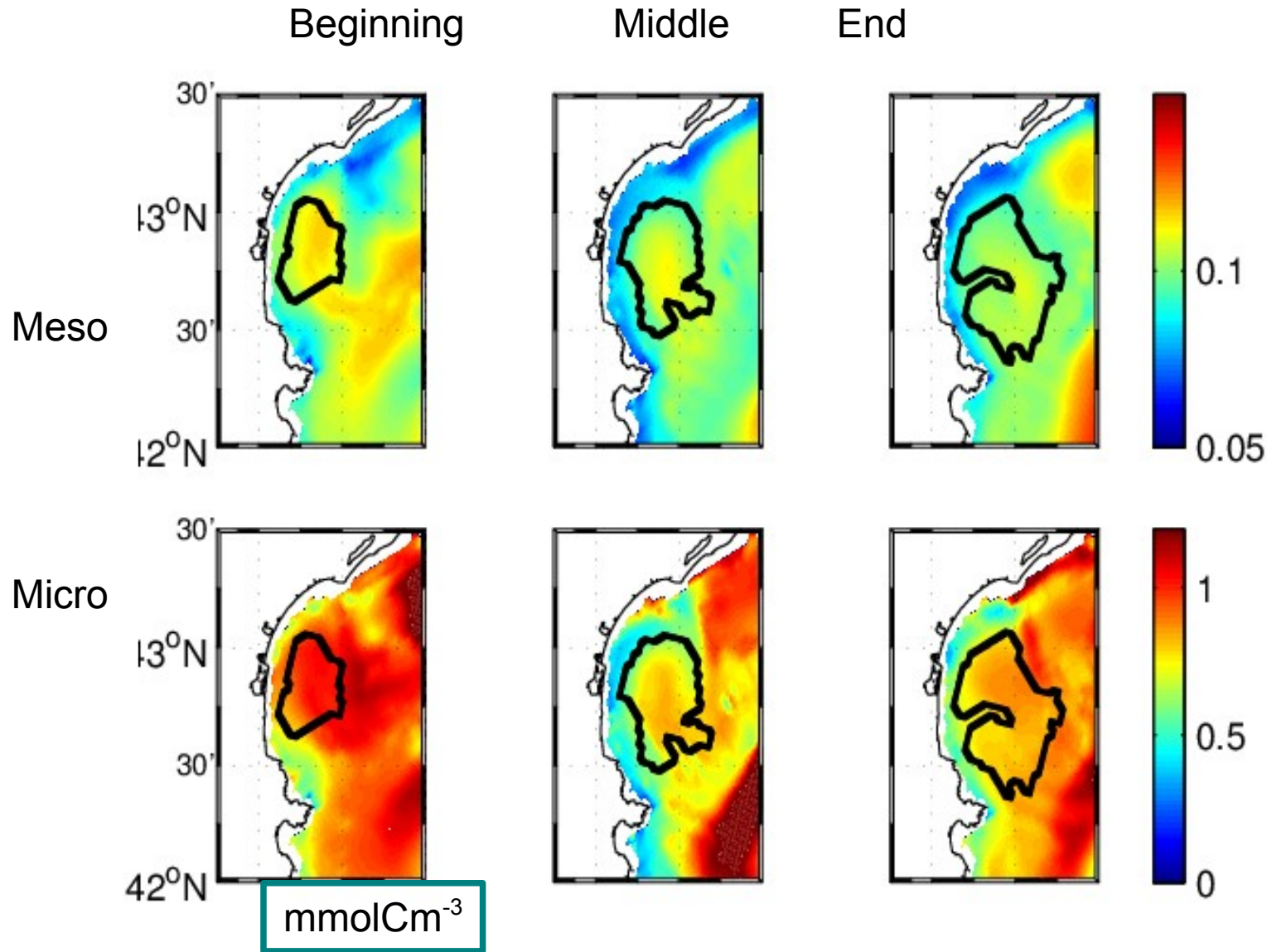


# Response of phytoplankton



- ◆ **NE edge**
- ◆ High Phyto
- ◆ Low Nutrient
- ◆ **W edge**
- ◆ Low Phyto
- ◆ High Nutrient
- ◆ 2-3 days for nutrients to arrive in the North

# Response of Zooplankton



**Coastal edge**

◆ Low Zoo

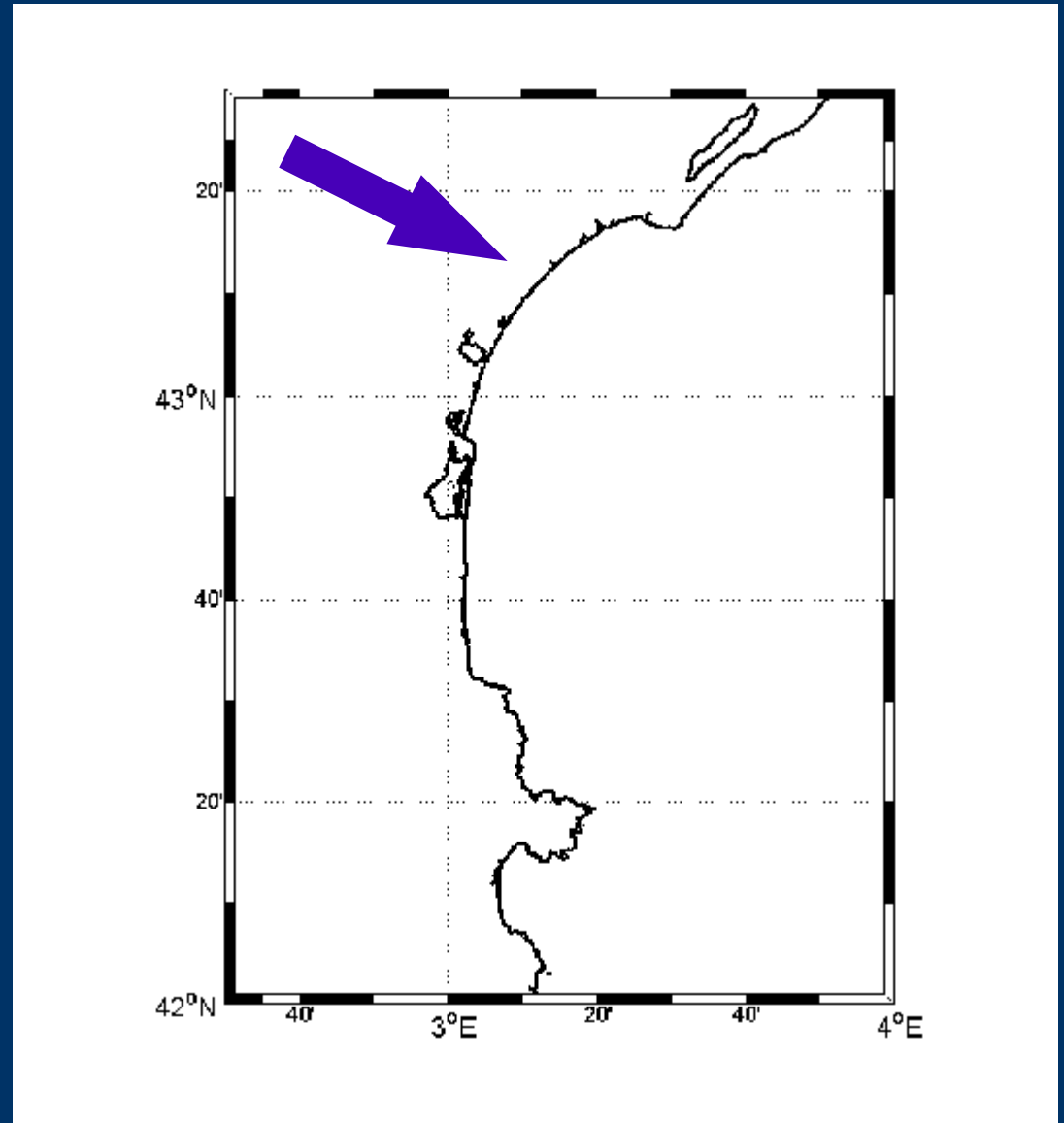
**SE Edge**

◆ High Zoo

◆ Grazing stops filament from completing a full rotation ?

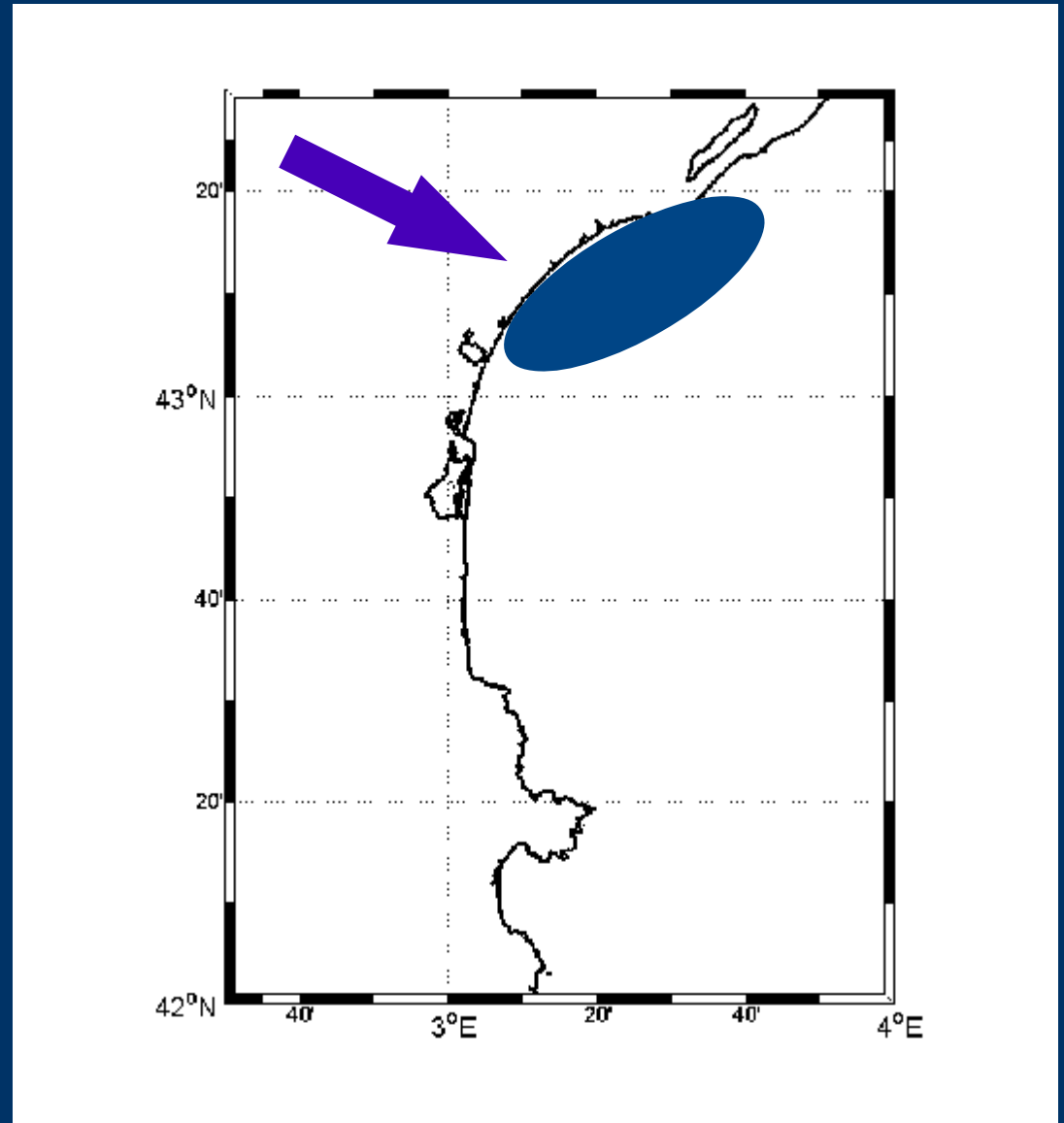
# The story of this coastal AC eddy

- ◆ Strong NW wind



# The story of this coastal AC eddy

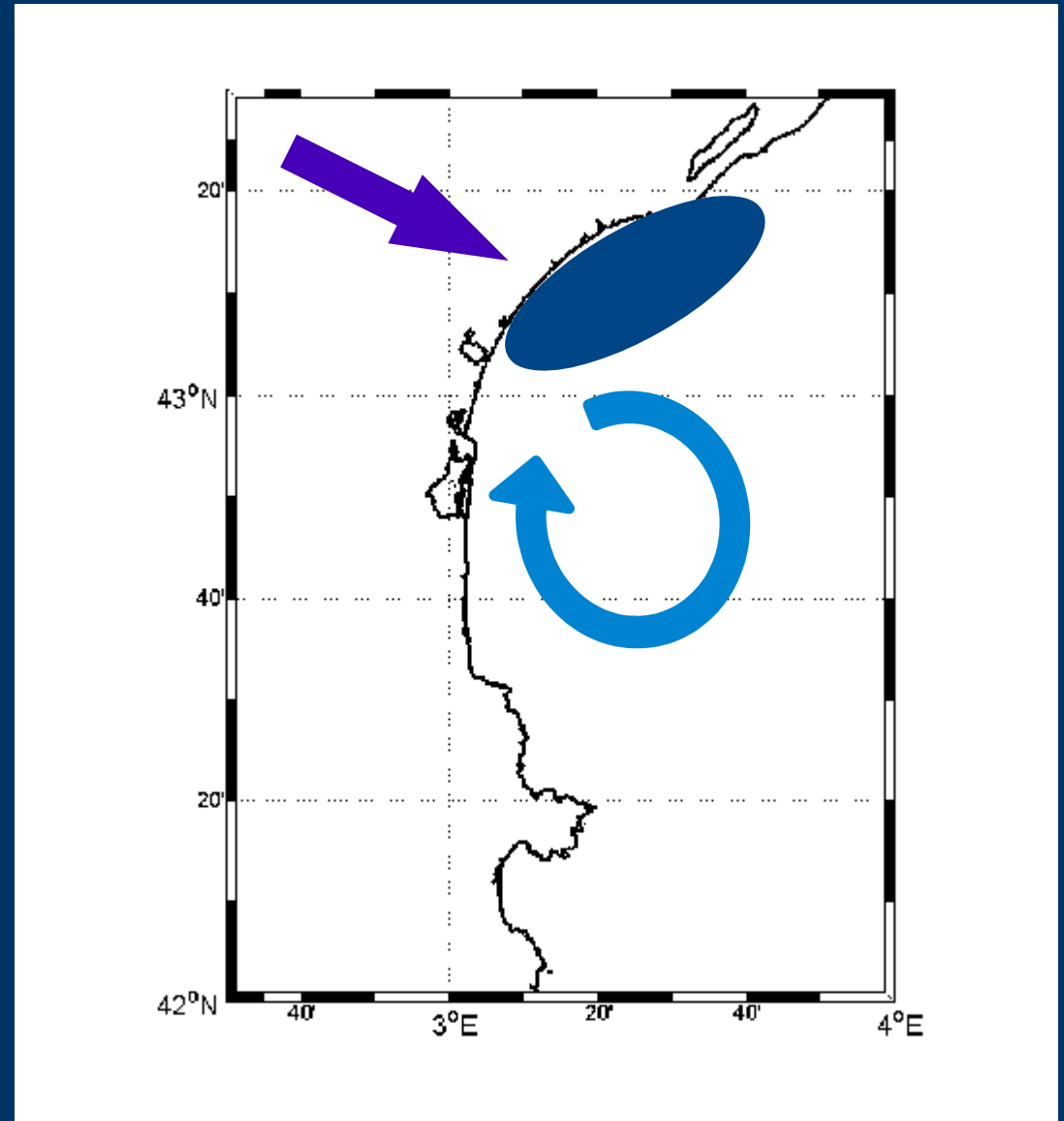
- ◆ Strong NW wind
- ◆ Upwelling





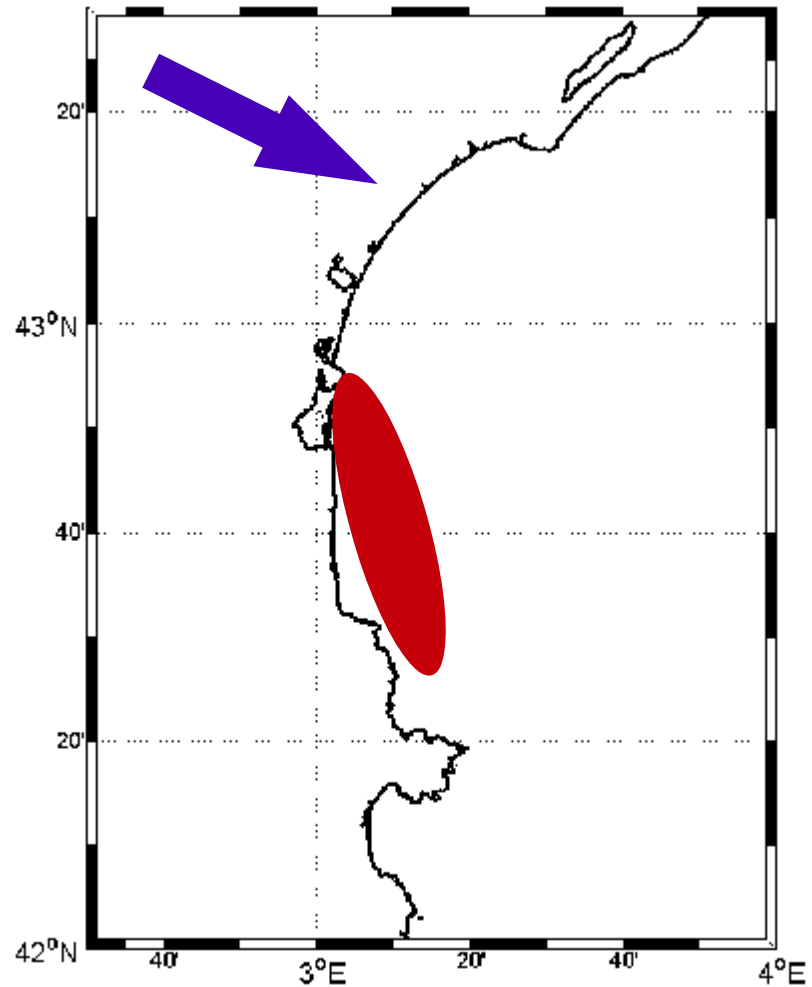
# The story of this coastal AC eddy

- ◆ Strong NW wind
- ◆ Upwelling
- ◆ Anticyclonic eddy in place



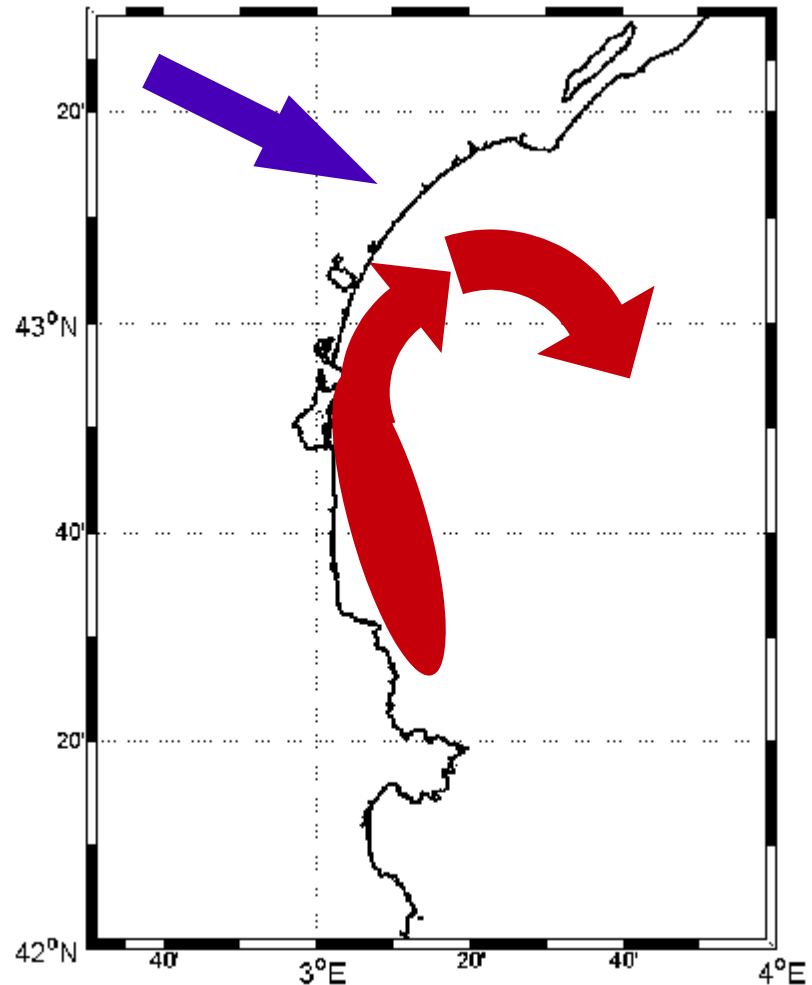
# The story of this coastal AC eddy

- ◆ Strong NW wind
- ◆ Upwelling
- ◆ Anticyclonic eddy in place
- ◆ Nutrients driven up at the coast



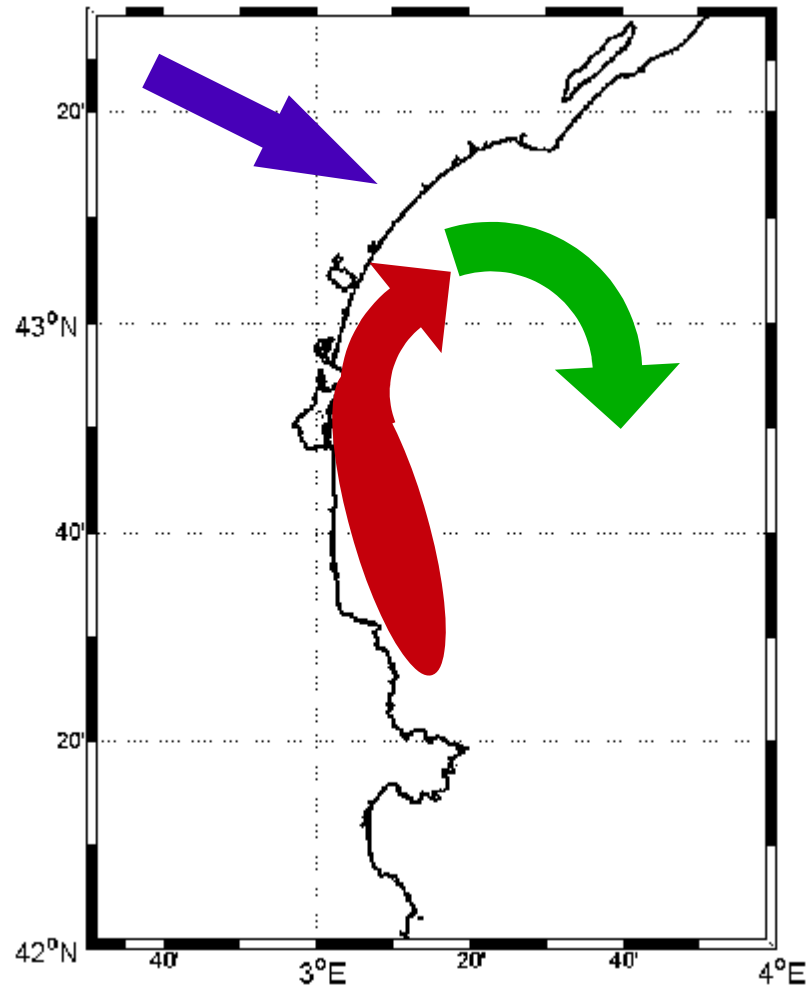
# The story of this coastal AC eddy

- ◆ Strong NW wind
- ◆ Upwelling
- ◆ Anticyclonic eddy in place
- ◆ Nutrients driven up at the coast
- ◆ Nutrients advected around the eddy



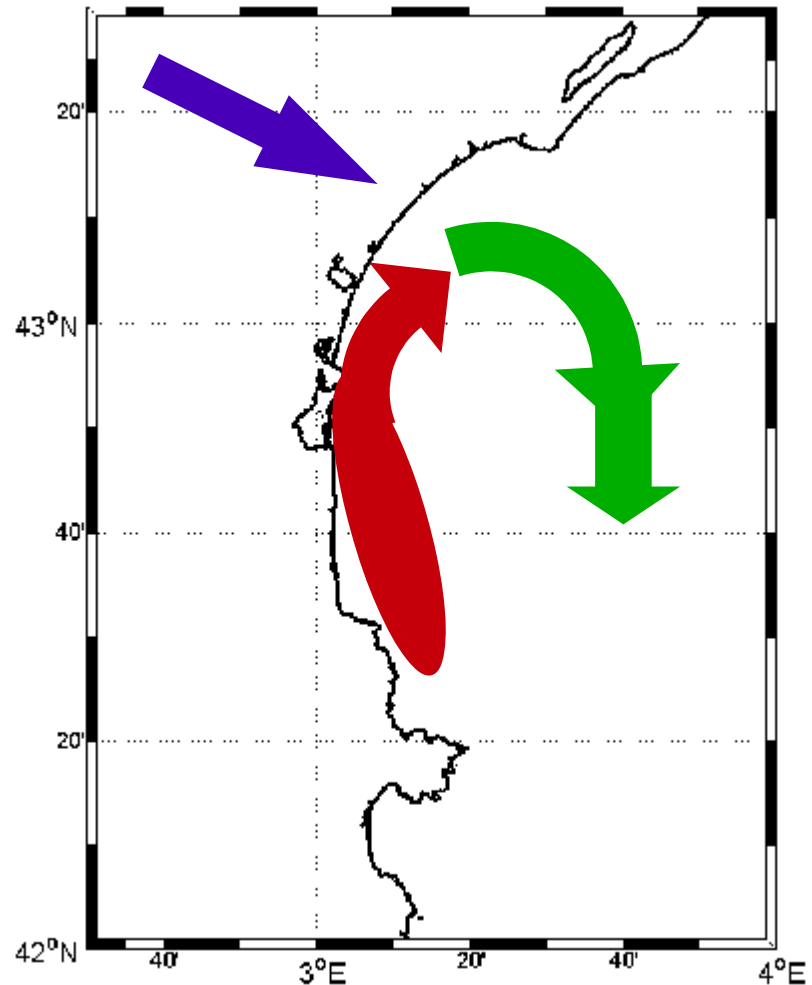
# The story of this coastal AC eddy

- ◆ Strong NW wind
- ◆ Upwelling
- ◆ Anticyclonic eddy in place
- ◆ Nutrients driven up at the coast
- ◆ Nutrients advected around the eddy
- ◆ Phytoplankton development



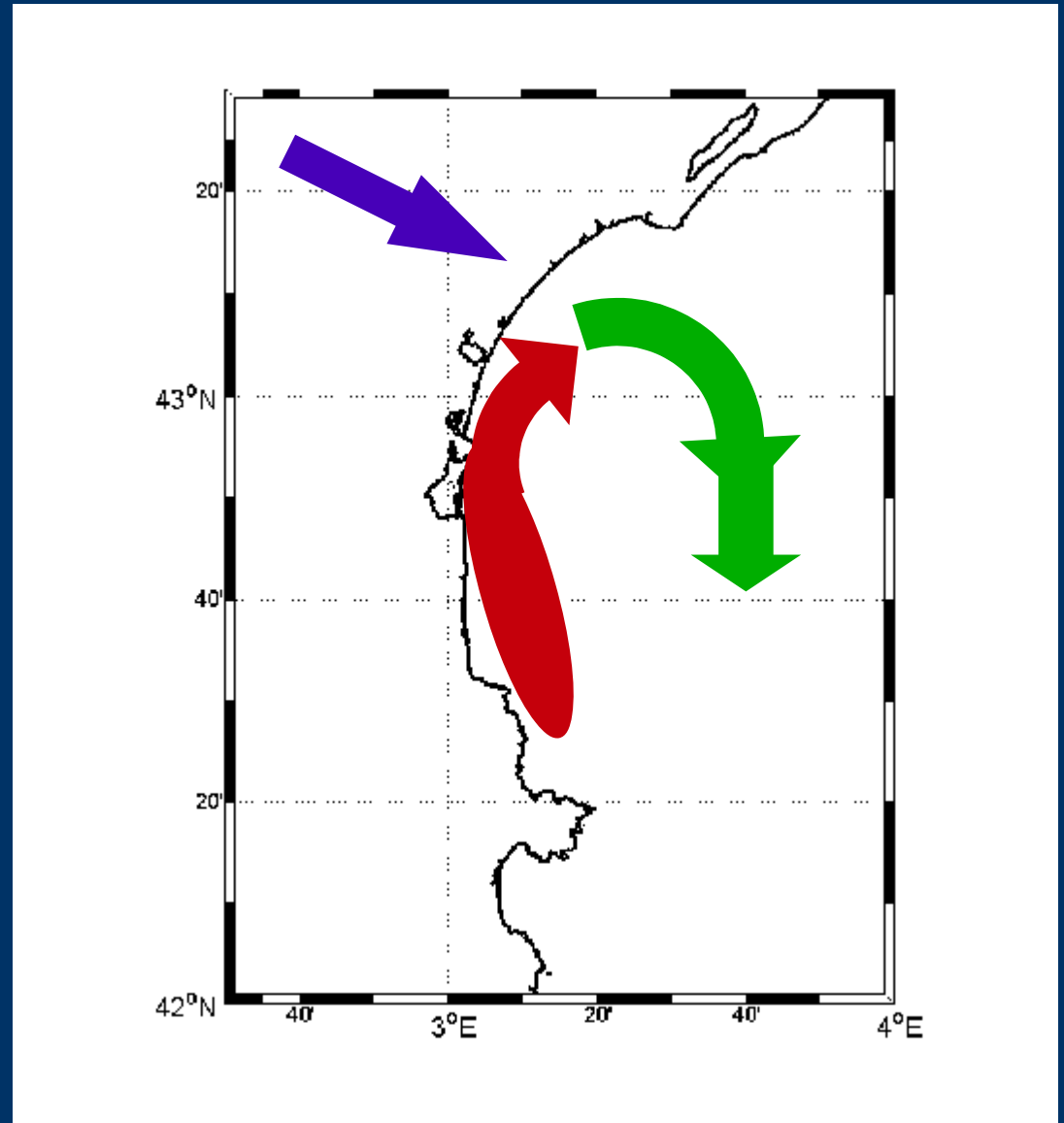
# The story of this coastal AC eddy

- ◆ Strong NW wind
- ◆ Upwelling
- ◆ Anticyclonic eddy in place
- ◆ Nutrients driven up at the coast
- ◆ Nutrients advected around the eddy
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# The story of this coastal AC eddy

- ◆ Strong NW wind
- ◆ Upwelling
- ◆ Anticyclonic eddy in place
- ◆ Nutrients driven up at the coast
- ◆ Nutrients advected around the eddy
- ◆ Phytoplankton development
- ◆ End of phytoplankton development



# Conclusions & Next steps

- ◆ The anticyclonic eddy acts as a transporter of phytoplankton and nutrients
  - ◆ Nutrient pumping
  - ◆ Advection
  - ◆ Phytoplankton development
  - ◆ Top-down and bottom-up control
- ◆ The planktonic ecosystem is modified by the presence of the eddy (atypical diatom development in summer)
- ◆ Next steps :
  - ◆ Study more eddies and generalize the mechanisms involved
  - ◆ Increase horizontal model resolution to 1km
- ◆ Lagrangian Transport Experiment (LATEX)
  - ◆ Nencioli this session poster, and session **NP6.1** oral Friday 9:30 room 13
  - ◆ Petrenko session OS2.1 poster
  - ◆ Doglioli session OS2.1 poster